ENGLISH LANGUAGE ASSIGNMENT & WORKSHEET CLASS-VII

- 1. Write compositions (200-250 words) on each of the following topics (30 minutes for each topic):
 - a. Study the picture given below. Write a story or description or an account of what the picture suggests to you. Your composition may be about the subject of the picture or may take suggestions from it and must have a clear connection with the picture.



- b. Develop the following outlines into a short story: Travelling in the spaceship heading towards a new planet curiosity alien's promise accompanies adapts amazes.
- c.



Water is essential for life. Every drop counts. Resources are depleting, they are not incessant. Develop a story with a title on the given theme.

- 2. Letter Writing (20 minutes for each):
 - 1. Write a letter to your grandmother stating the kind of activities that you are carrying out at home and keeping yourself busy with.
 - 2. Write a letter to your cousin telling him / her about your visit to the 'Book Fair' this year.
- 3. Comprehension (30 minutes for each):
- I. Read the following passages carefully and answer the following questions given below:

A father one day asked his daughters, "What is the sweetest thing in the world?"

'Sugar!' said the elder daughter. 'Salt,' said the younger daughter. Father thought that the younger daughter was making fun of him. Father and the younger daughter were both obstinate. A quarrel broke out between them and he drove her out of the house, saying, "As you think salt is sweeter than sugar, you had better find another home where the cooking is more to your taste."

It was a beautiful summer night, and as the pretty maiden sat singing sadly in the forest around her father's house, a young prince who had lost his way while hunting, heard her voice and came to ask her the way. They decided to get married.

The bride invited her father to the wedding feast, without telling him that she was his daughter. All the dishes were prepared without salt, and the guests began to complain as they ate the tasteless food. "There is no salt in the meat!", they said angrily.

"Ah!" said the bride's father. "Salt is truly the sweetest thing in the world! But when my daughter said so, I turned her out of my house. If only I could see her again and tell her how sorry I am." Drawing the bridal veil aside from her face, the happy girl went to her father and kissed him. Now properly salted dishes were brought in and all the guests were satisfied.

- 1. Answer the following questions:
 - a. What question did the father ask his daughters?
 - b. What answers did the daughters give?
 - c. Whose answer did the father think to be right?
 - d. Why did the guests complain?

e. What made the father feel sorry for his behaviour towards his younger daughter?

- Find words from the passage which mean the following:
 a. Unbending b. A young unmarried girl c. contended
 d. stubborn e. lacking flavour
- 3. Make sentences with the following words:

a. decided	b. properly	c. invited

d. complain e. prepared

II.

Ravi Shankar was born in Varanasi in 1920. He began as a dancer in his elder brother Uday Shankar's ballet troupe. The call of music was greater and Ravi Shankar left the ballet troupe to learn the sitar under Ustad Allaudin Khan of Maihar. The sitar is the creation of Amir Khusro who gave it the name of 'sehtar', which means 'three strings' in Persian. Ravi Shankar underwent rigorous training under his mentor, George Harrison, of the wellknown group, 'The Beatles'and was so impressed by him that he took to playing the sitar. Besides the chaste classical tradition, he has also composed tunes for light music. The tune of the popular song 'Sare Jahan se Accha' was composed by him in 1945.

- 1. Complete the following statements:
 - a. Ravi Shankar left the ballet troupe because

b. Ravi Shankar composed the tunes of the popular song

	c.	George	Harrison	took	to	playing	sitar	as
	d.	The	e w	ord	`:	sehtar'	me	ans
 Write the meanings of the following words: a. Rigorous b. Troupe c. Composed d. chaste e. tradition 								
 Make sentences with the following words: a. creation b. impressed c. popular 								
III.	Read below	•	carefully	and an	swer	the ques	tions gi	ven
The child who is decked with prince's robes And who has jewelled chains round his neck Loses all pleasure in his play; His dress hampers him at every step. In fear that it may be frayed Or stained with dust He keeps himself from the world, And is afraid even to move.								
	a. V b. V c. V d. ``	What is the What is the What make In fear that	llowing que child weari child decke s him lose a t it may be child afraid	ng roun ed with? all pleas frayed'.	ure ir Wha	his play? t does it re	efer to?	
suitabl		ı the basis	s of your u	ndersta	nding	of the p	oem giv	еа
4.	Fun wit	th Gramma	ır (30 minu	tes):				
(i)	a. Ho b. W	onest men isdom is	s with suita always spe	ak gr	eat vi	rtue.	truth.	

	d. She is European by birth.
	e. It was act of kindness.
	f. It was time for bell to ring.
	g. One of men aimed flashlight around
	h. About 5,700 stars can be seen on clear night.
	i boy in shorts took book from
	shelf.
	j. We need to take firm decision by May at latest.
(ii)	Which prepositions will you use in the following sentences?
	a. Rupa has a passion tennis. (of / for)
	b. Neela was suffering from flu. (from / with)
	c. I cannot choose coffee and tea. (among / between)
	d. Tina is scared spiders. (of / by)
	e. Look a red rose this row. (down / for / along / up)
	f. Please do not walk the grass. (over / on)
	g. Our markets are flooded foreign goods. (by / with)
	h. We are going a picnic the zoo. (to /
	for / on / at)
	i. Mother was angry me. (on / with)
	j. I keep thinking all the fun we had. (of / about)
(iii)	Choose the correct form of verb given in brackets:
	a. I a new bicycle last week. (bought / have
	bought)
	b. The headmaster to speak to you. (wants / is
	wanting)
	c. Iof something burning. (smell / am smelling)
	d. Don't disturb me. I my homework. (am doing / did)
	e. My aunt a plate last week. (had broken /
	broke)
	f. I my tiffin before the bell rang. (had eaten / ate)

- g. The dog ______ at the visitor. (barks / is barking)
- h. We ______ tea every morning. (drink / is drinking)
- i. They ______ the road for several days. (have been repairing / repair)
- j. I gained weight because I ____. (has been overeating / had been overeating)